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The S-14L05A 4-bit microcomputer integrates ROM, RAM, I/O ports, timers, an LCD driver and a 16-level detection circuit (4-bit A-D converter) on one chip. Since it can operate at 0.9 V, this microcomputer is ideal for systems that operate on single-battery power

■ **Feature**

- Si gate CMOS process
- Operating voltage: 0.9 V to 2.2 V (32 kHz), 1.1 V to 2.2 V (400 kHz)
- Operating frequency (instruction execution time): 32.768 kHz (122  $\mu$ s), 76.8 kHz (52  $\mu$ s), 400 kHz (10  $\mu$ s)
- ROM: 4K $\times$ 16 bits
- RAM: 768 $\times$ 4 bits
- 32 I/O lines
- Serial interface: clock synchronous, 8-bit, one channel
- Programmable timer: 8-bit one channel
- Time-base timer
- Watchdog timer
- 16-level detection circuit
- LCD driver: 4 common (or 3 common), 48 segments, internal constant voltage circuit, voltage booster circuit
- Buzzer signal output circuit with sound volume switch function
- LED display signal output circuit 2 line output of 16.4 kHz signal (at 32.768 kHz)
- Interrupt function: 3 external interrupts, 5 internal interrupts
- Standby function
- Instructions: 37 basic instruction sets (168 including addressing modes)  
16-level subroutine nesting
- 100-pin SQFP (Product name: S-14L05AQS-XXX, XXX is ROM code)

■ **Applications**

- Pagers
- Portable information devices

**CMOS 4-bit 1-chip MICROCOMPUTER**  
**S-14L05AQS**

■ Dimensions (100-pin SQFP)

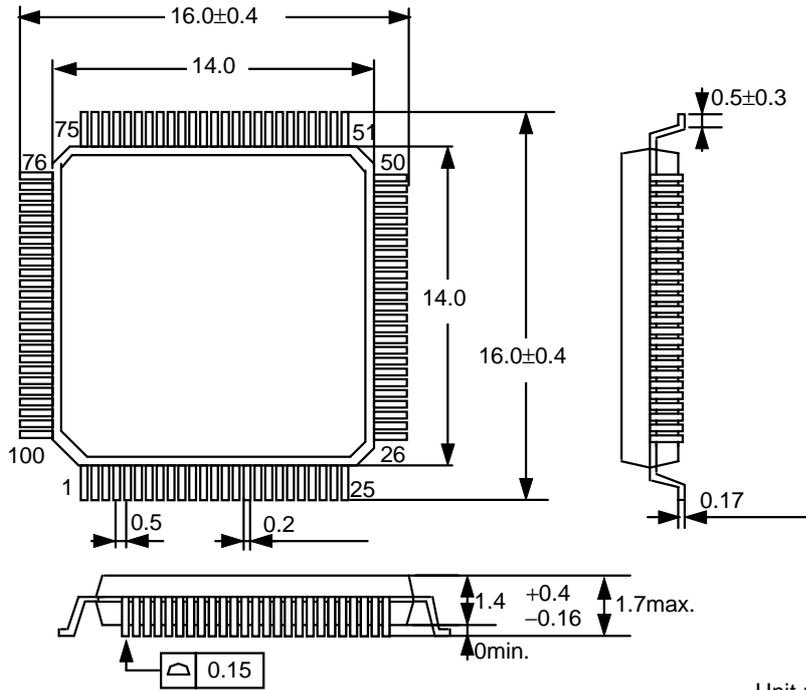


Figure 1

Unit : mm

■ Pin Assignments

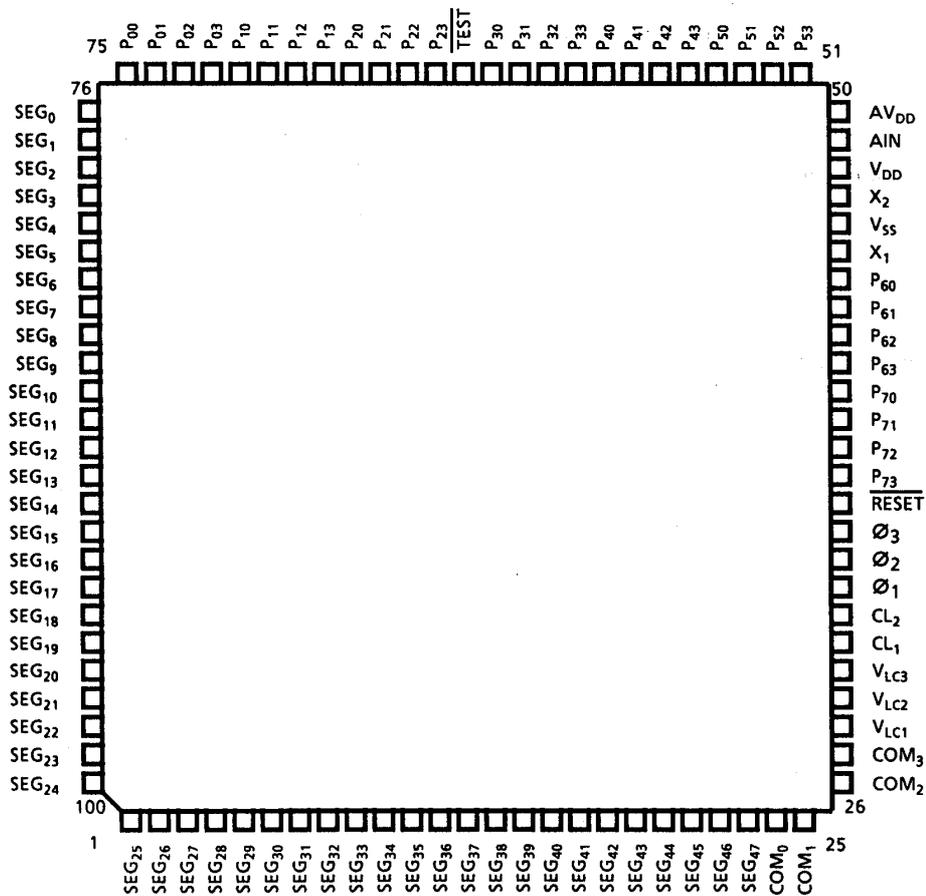


Figure 2

■ Pin Function

Table 1

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Functions	System Reset
46	V <sub>SS</sub>	—	GND potential terminal	—
48	V <sub>DD</sub>	—	Positive power supply	—
50	AV <sub>DD</sub>	—	16-level detection circuit power supply	—
63	TEST	Input	Test input (with internal pull-up resistor)	Input
36	RESET	Input	Reset input (with internal pull-up resistor)	Input
31	CL <sub>1</sub>	—	Resistor connection pin for main clock CR oscillation	oscillation stop
32	CL <sub>2</sub>	—	Resistor connection pin for main clock CR oscillation	—
45	X <sub>1</sub>	—	Crystal connection for subclock oscillation	oscillation start
47	X <sub>2</sub>	—	Crystal connection for subclock oscillation	—
28 to 30	V <sub>LC1</sub> to V <sub>LC3</sub>	—	LCD driver power supply	V <sub>LC1</sub> =1.0 V V <sub>LC2</sub> to V <sub>LC3</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub>
33 to 35	φ <sub>1</sub> to φ <sub>3</sub>	—	Capacitor for LCD driver voltage connection pin	—
24 to 27	COM <sub>0</sub> to COM <sub>3</sub>	Output	LCD driver common signal output	COM <sub>0</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub> COM <sub>1</sub> to COM <sub>3</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub>
76 to 100 1 to 23	SEG <sub>0</sub> to SEG <sub>47</sub>	Output	LCD driver segment signal output	*
49	AIN	Input	16-level detection circuit analog input	Input
75 to 72	P <sub>00</sub> to P <sub>03</sub>	Input	Input port P <sub>00</sub> is also used as external interrupt input (at the fall) P <sub>01</sub> is also used as external interrupt input (at the rise)	Input
71 to 68	P <sub>10</sub> to P <sub>13</sub>	Input	Input port Also used as key interrupt input	Input
67 to 64	P <sub>20</sub> to P <sub>23</sub>	Output	Output port P <sub>20</sub> is also used as buzzer signal output P <sub>21</sub> is also used as time-out signal output P <sub>22</sub> , P <sub>23</sub> are also used as LED display signal output	Output (V <sub>SS</sub> )
62 to 59	P <sub>30</sub> to P <sub>33</sub>	Output	Output port	Output (V <sub>SS</sub> )
58 to 55	P <sub>40</sub> to P <sub>43</sub>	Output	Output port	Output (V <sub>SS</sub> )
54 to 51	P <sub>50</sub> to P <sub>53</sub>	Output	Output port	Output (V <sub>SS</sub> )
44 to 41	P <sub>60</sub> to P <sub>63</sub>	I/O	I/O port (input or output selectable for each bit) P <sub>61</sub> , P <sub>62</sub> , P <sub>63</sub> are also used as serial input/output	Input
40 to 37	P <sub>70</sub> to P <sub>73</sub>	I/O	I/O port (input or output selectable for each bit)	Input

# CMOS 4-bit 1-chip MICROCOMPUTER S-14L05AQS

## ■ Block Diagram

The S-14L05A blocks are linked by 4-bit data bus (DB), a 4-bit address bus (AB), a 4-bit RAM address bus (RA), and a 12-bit operation bus (OB).

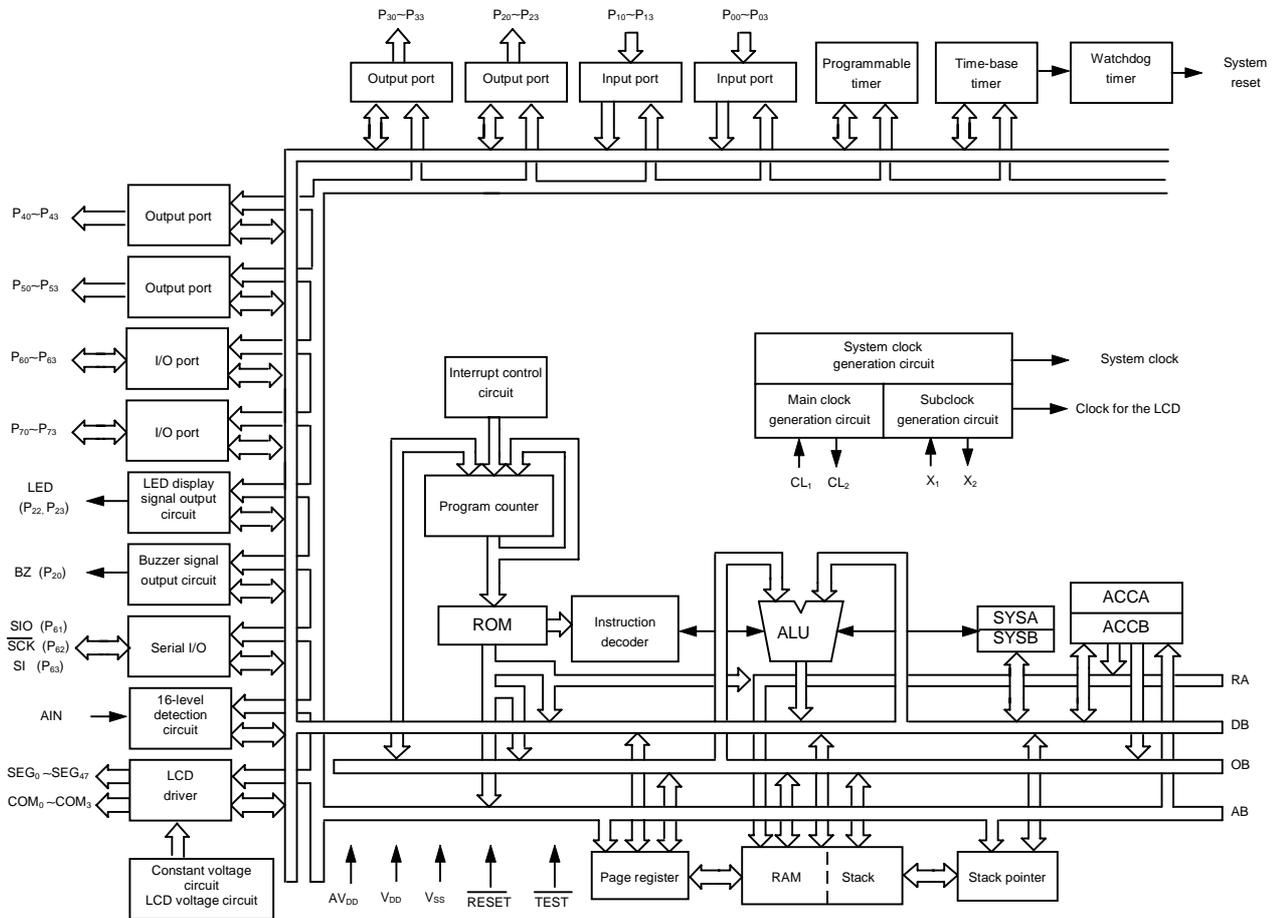


Figure 3

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Rating	Unit
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40 to +125	°C
Operating temperature	Topt		-10 to +70	°C
Power supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	Ta = 25°C	-0.3 to 4.0	V
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	Ta = 25°C	V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
Output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Ta = 25°C	V <sub>SS</sub> to V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Power dissipation	Pd	Ta = 25°C	300	mW

■ Recommended Operating Conditions

**Table 3**

(Ta=-10 °C to +70 °C)

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage1	V <sub>DD1</sub>	FAST, SLOW, SLEEP mode Main clock: 1 MHz MAX.	1.2	—	2.2	V
Power supply voltage2	V <sub>DD2</sub>	FAST, SLOW, SLEEP mode Main clock: 400 kHz MAX.	1.1	—	2.2	V
Power supply voltage3	V <sub>DD3</sub>	SUB, STOP mode Subclock: 76.8 kHz MAX.	0.9	—	2.2	V
Main clock oscillation start power supply voltage	V <sub>STM1</sub>	Ceramic oscillation: 1 MHz MAX.	1.2	—	2.2	V
Main clock oscillation start power supply voltage	V <sub>STM2</sub>	CR oscillation: 400 kHz MAX.	1.1	—	2.2	V
Subclock oscillation start power supply voltage	V <sub>STS</sub>	Crystal oscillation: 32.768 kHz	1.0	—	2.2	V
Main clock frequency	f <sub>CL</sub>		—	—	1	MHz
Subclock frequency 1	f <sub>X1</sub>	Internal oscillation	—	32.768	—	kHz
Subclock frequency 2	f <sub>X2</sub>	External clock input	—	76.8	—	kHz
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		0	—	V <sub>DD</sub>	V

■ DC Characteristics

**Table 4**

(V<sub>DD</sub>=1.5 V, f<sub>CL</sub>=400 kHz, f<sub>X</sub>=32.768 kHz, Ta=-10 °C to +70 °C)

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current consumption 1*	I <sub>DD1</sub>	FAST mode, no load, CR oscillation	—	62	110	μA
		FAST mode, no load, ceramic oscillation	—	49	95	
Current consumption 2*	I <sub>DD2</sub>	SLEEP1, 2 mode, no load, CR oscillation	—	43	90	μA
		SLEEP1, 2 mode, no load, ceramic oscillation	—	28	75	
Current consumption 3*	I <sub>DD3</sub>	SUB mode, no load, C <sub>G</sub> =10 pF Capacitor for tripler 0.47μF	—	10	45	μA
Current consumption 4*	I <sub>DD4</sub>	STOP mode, no load, C <sub>G</sub> =10 pF Capacitor for tripler 0.47μF	—	9	40	μA
High level input voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>		0.8× V <sub>DD</sub>	—	—	V
Low level input voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>		—	—	0.2× V <sub>DD</sub>	V
High level input leakage current	I <sub>LH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub>	—	—	1	μA
Low level input leakage current	I <sub>LL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub>	-1	—	—	μA
High level input current	I <sub>IH</sub>	Pull-down resistor connected V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub>	3	10	30	μA
Low level input current	I <sub>IL</sub>	Pull-up resistor connected V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub>	-30	-10	-3	μA
High level output current	I <sub>OH</sub>	Output port V <sub>OUT</sub> =1.2 V	—	0.25	-0.1	mA
Low level output current	I <sub>OL</sub>	Output port V <sub>OUT</sub> =0.4 V	0.5	1.3	—	mA
16-level detection input voltage	V <sub>AIN</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> =V <sub>LC1</sub>	0	—	V <sub>LC1</sub>	V
		V <sub>REF</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub>	0	—	V <sub>DD</sub>	
16-level detection high level input current	I <sub>AINH</sub>	V <sub>AIN</sub> =0 V	-30	-6	—	μA
16-level detection low level input current	I <sub>AINL</sub>	V <sub>AIN</sub> =V <sub>LC1</sub> when V <sub>REF</sub> =V <sub>LC1</sub> V <sub>AIN</sub> =1.0 V when V <sub>REF</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub>	—	7	30	μA
16-level detection reference voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> =V <sub>LC1</sub>	0.940	1.0	1.060	V
16-level detection voltage error	V <sub>DET</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =1.0 V when V <sub>REF</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub>	-1/2	—	1/2	LSB

\* Not including the current consumption of the 16-level detection circuit .

**CMOS 4-bit 1-chip MICROCOMPUTER**  
**S-14L05AQS**

**Table 4**

( $V_{DD}=1.5\text{ V}$ ,  $f_{CL}=400\text{ kHz}$ ,  $f_x=32.768\text{ kHz}$ ,  $T_a=-10\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+70\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
LCD driver voltage	$V_{LC1}$	$R_L=1\text{M}\Omega$ ( $V_{LC3}$ to $V_{SS}$ )	0.940	1.000	1.060	V
	$V_{LC2}$	Capacitor for tripler 0.47 $\mu\text{F}$	1.816	1.952	2.078	V
	$V_{LC3}$	$T_a=-10\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $50\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	2.707	2.910	3.091	V
High level output current2	$I_{OH2}$	$\text{COM}_0$ to $\text{COM}_3$ , $\text{SEG}_0$ to $\text{SEG}_{47}$ $V_{OUT}=2.95\text{ V}$ , $V_{LC3}=3.00\text{ V}$	—	-10.0	-3.0	$\mu\text{A}$
High level output current3	$I_{OH3}$	$\text{COM}_0$ to $\text{COM}_3$ , $\text{SEG}_0$ to $\text{SEG}_{47}$ $V_{OUT}=1.95\text{ V}$ , $V_{LC2}=2.00\text{ V}$	—	-10.0	-3.0	$\mu\text{A}$
Low level output current2	$I_{OL2}$	$\text{COM}_0$ to $\text{COM}_3$ , $\text{SEG}_0$ to $\text{SEG}_{47}$ $V_{OUT}=0.05\text{ V}$	3.0	12.0	—	$\mu\text{A}$
Schmitt hys teresis voltage	$V_{WD}$	Schmitt trigger input pin	—	0.4	—	V